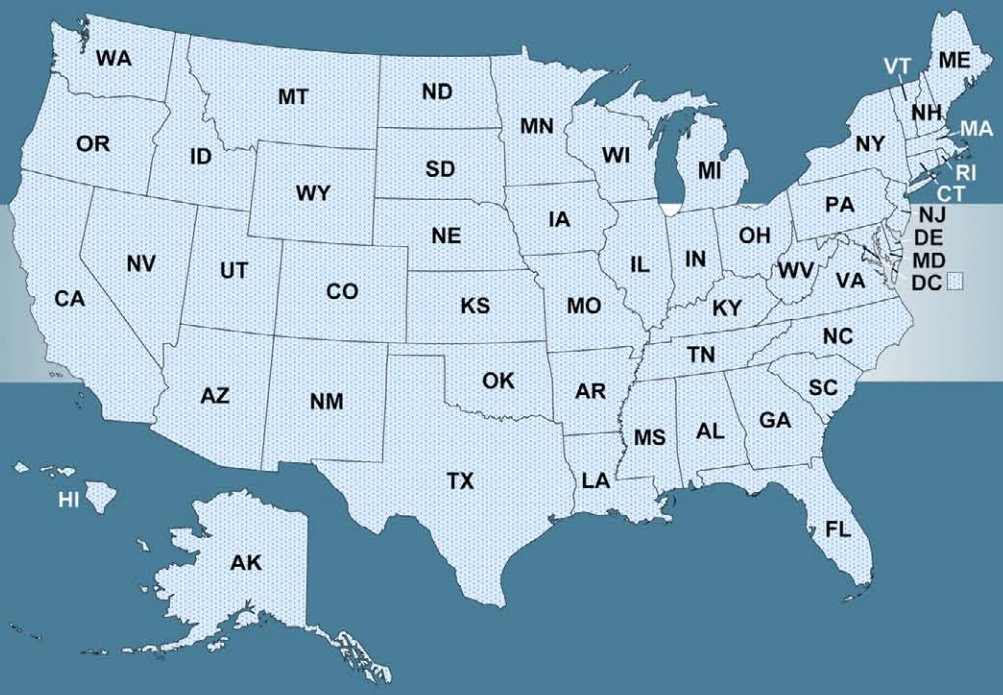
ARIZONA STATE REPORT

Underage Drinking Prevention and Enforcement

2018



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES·USA

SAMHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

This State Report is required by the Sober Truth on Preventing (STOP) Underage Drinking Act (Pub. L. 109-422), which was enacted by Congress in 2006 and reauthorized in December 2016 as part of the 21st Century Cures Act (Pub. L. 114-255). The STOP Act requires an annual report "on each State's performance in enacting, enforcing, and creating laws, regulations, and programs to prevent or reduce underage drinking." As directed by the STOP Act, the State Reports were prepared by the Interagency Coordinating Committee on Preventing Underage Drinking (ICCPUD), which is chaired by the Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Time period covered by this State Report: The 2018 State Report primarily includes data from calendar year 2017. The state legal data reflects the status of the law as of January 1, 2017. The state survey data was collected in 2017 and was drawn from the most recent 12-month period in which the states maintained the data.

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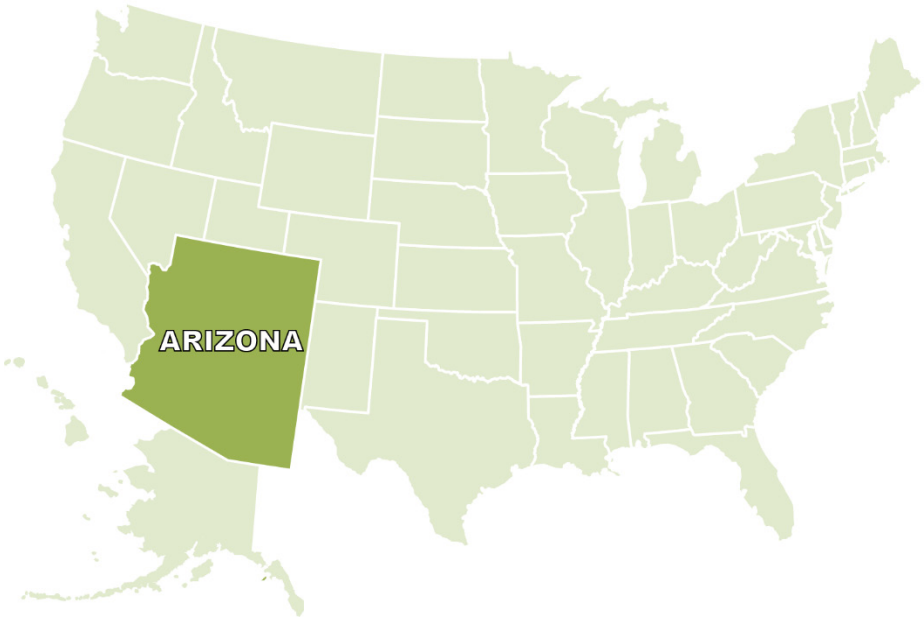


Arizona

State Population: 6,931,071

Population Ages 12–20: 798,000

Past-Month Alcohol Use Among 12- to 20-Year-Olds	
Ages 12–20*	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	153,000 (19.2%)
Ages 12–14	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	12,000 (4.4%)
Ages 15–17	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	39,000 (14.3%)
Ages 18–20	
Past-Month Alcohol Use – Number (Percentage)	102,000 (40.6%)
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths and Years of Potential Life Lost Under the Age of 21	
Alcohol-Attributable Deaths (under 21)	114
Years of Potential Life Lost (under 21)	6,896
Fatal Crashes Involving 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver with BAC > 0.01	
Number of Fatalities Involving 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver with BAC > 0.01	19
Percentage of All Fatal Crashes Involving 15- to 20-Year-Old Driver	18%

*Note that in previous years, the numbers and percentages for past-month binge drinking by age group were included in these profiles. These data are not included as a separate category this year. The definition of binge drinking used in the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH) changed in 2015 and insufficient state-level data using the new criteria exist. As more years of consistent data become available, the state profiles will include past-month binge drinking as a separate sub-group of past-month alcohol use. For more information, see https://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUH-TrendBreak-2015.pdf.

Laws Addressing Minors in Possession of Alcohol

Underage Possession	
Is underage possession of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships? • Is possession allowed if parent or guardian is present or consents? • Is possession allowed if spouse is present or consents?	 No No
Is there an exception based on location?	No

Underage Consumption	
Is underage consumption of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships? • Is consumption allowed if the parent or guardian is present or consents? • Is consumption allowed if the spouse is present or consents?	 No No
Is there an exception based on location?	No

Underage Internal Possession	
Is underage internal possession of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	No law
Are there exceptions based on family relationships? • Is internal possession allowed if the parent or guardian is present or consents? • Is internal possession allowed if the spouse is present or consents?	 N/A N/A
Is there an exception based on location?	N/A
Note: Arizona has a statutory provision that makes it unlawful "[f]or a person under the age of twenty-one years to have in the person's body any spirituous liquor." Laws that prohibit minors from having alcohol in their bodies, but which do so without reference to a blood, breath, or urine test, are not considered as prohibiting internal possession for purposes of this report.	

Underage Purchase and Attempted Purchase	
Is the purchase of alcoholic beverages prohibited?	Yes
May youth purchase for law enforcement purposes?	Yes

Underage False Identification for Obtaining Alcohol	
Provisions Targeting Minors	
Is the use of false identification (ID) prohibited?	Yes
Does the use of a false ID result in minor's driver's license suspension?	Yes, through a judicial process and administrative processes
Provisions Targeting Suppliers	
Is the lending or transferring or selling of a false ID prohibited?	No
Is the production of a false ID in the context of underage alcohol sales specifically prohibited?	No
Retailer Support Provisions	
Is there an incentive for the retailer to use electronic scanners for information digitally encoded on valid IDs?	Yes
Are state driver's licenses for persons under 21 easily distinguishable from licenses for persons 21 and over?	Yes

May retailers seize apparently false IDs without fear of prosecution even if the ID is ultimately deemed valid?	No
Does an affirmative defense exist for the retailer?	Yes
• Is it a specific affirmative defense (retailer reasonably believed ID was valid after examining it)?	Yes
• Is it a general affirmative defense (retailer reasonably believed purchaser was over 21)?	No
Does the retailer have the right to sue the minor for use of a false ID?	No
May a retailer detain a minor who used a false ID?	No

Laws Targeting Underage Drinking and Driving

Youth Blood Alcohol Concentration Limits (Underage Operators of Noncommercial Motor Vehicles)	
What is the maximum blood alcohol concentration (BAC) limit for an underage driver of a motor vehicle?	0
Does a BAC level in excess of limit automatically establish a violation (per se violation)?	Yes
What is the minimum age to which the limit applies?	0
What is the maximum age to which the limit applies?	21

Loss of Driving Privileges for Alcohol Violations by Minors ("Use/Lose" Laws)	
Is there a "use/lose" law that suspends or revokes a minor's driving privileges for alcohol violations?	Yes
What types of violation lead to license suspension or revocation?	
• Purchase of alcohol	Yes
• Possession of alcohol	Yes
• Consumption of alcohol	Yes
The law applies to people under what age?	18
Is suspension or revocation mandatory or discretionary?	Discretionary
What is the length of suspension/revocation?	
Minimum number of days	0
Maximum number of days	180

Graduated Driver's Licenses	
Learner Stage	
What is the minimum age for permit to drive with parents, guardians or other adults (other than instructors)?	15 years, 6 months
What is the minimum number of months driver must hold learner permit before advancing to intermediate stage?	6
What is the minimum number of hours of driving with parents, guardians or adults before advancing to intermediate stage?	0 (with driver education; 30 hours without (10 of which must be at night))
Intermediate Stage	
What is the minimum age for driving without adult supervision?	16

For night driving, when does adult supervision requirement begin?	12 AM
Can law enforcement stop a driver for night driving violation as a primary offense?	No, officer must stop driver for another offense to cite for night driving violation
Are there restrictions on passengers?	Yes, no more than one passenger under 18 who is not driver's sibling, unless accompanied by a parent or guardian
Can law enforcement stop driver for violation of passenger restrictions as a primary offense?	No, officer must stop driver for another offense to cite for passenger restriction violation
License Stage	
What is the minimum age for full license privileges and lifting of restrictions?	16 years, 6 months

Laws Targeting Alcohol Suppliers

Furnishing Alcohol to Minors	
Is furnishing of alcoholic beverages to minors prohibited?	Yes
Are there exceptions based on family relationships? • Is furnishing allowed if the parent or guardian supplies the alcohol? • Is furnishing allowed if the spouse supplies the alcohol?	 No No
Is there an exception based on location?	No
Affirmative Defense for Sellers and Licensees	
Does law require seller/licensee to be exonerated of furnishing to a minor if the minor has not been charged?	No

Compliance Check Protocols	
Does the state have a written protocol for when an underage decoy is used in compliance checks?	Yes
What is the minimum age a decoy may be to participate in a compliance check?	15
What is the maximum age a decoy may be to participate in a compliance check?	19
Are there appearance requirements for the decoy?	Yes, age-appropriate appearance; limit use of cosmetics, no jewelry associated with adulthood (such as wedding or engagement ring); limit facial hair (no full beards or mustaches), no receding hair lines, be of appropriate height and weight
Does decoy carry ID during compliance check?	Discretionary
May decoy verbally exaggerate his or her actual age?	Not specified
Is decoy training mandated, recommended, prohibited, or not specified?	Not specified

Penalty Guidelines for Sales to Minors	
Are there written guidelines for penalties that are imposed on retailers for furnishing to a minor?	Yes
What is the time period for defining second, third and subsequent offenses?	2 years
What is the penalty for the first offense?	$1,000–$2,000 fine and/or up to 30-day suspension
What is the penalty for the second offense?	$2,000–$3,000 fine and/or up to 30-day suspension
What is the penalty for the third offense?	$3,000 fine and/or up to 30-day suspension
What is the penalty for the fourth offense?	Not specified
Note: Mitigating or aggravating factors considered.	

Responsible Beverage Service (RBS)	
Is there a state law pertaining to Beverage Service Training?	Yes, voluntary
If training is mandatory, who must participate?	N/A
If training is voluntary, which of the following incentives are offered?	
• Defense in dram shop liability lawsuits	No
• Discounts in dram shop liability insurance, license fees, or other	No
• Mitigation of fines or other administrative penalties for sales to minors or intoxicated persons	Yes
• Protection against license revocation for sales to minors or sales to intoxicated persons	No
Does the RBS law apply to on-premises establishments (such as bars and restaurants) or off-premises establishments (such as liquor stores)?	Both
Does the RBS law apply to new or existing licensees?	Unspecified

Minimum Ages for Sellers of Alcohol–Off-Premises (i.e., Liquor Stores)	
What is the minimum age requirement for off-premises retail establishments?	
Beer	16
Wine	16
Spirits	16
Does a manager or supervisor have to be present?	Yes
Note: Off-sale retailers may employ persons who are at least 16 to check out, if supervised by a person on the premises who is at least 19, package or carry merchandise, including spirituous liquor, in unbroken packages, for the convenience of the customer of the employer, if the employer sells primarily merchandise other than spirituous liquor.	

Minimum Age for Alcohol Servers and Bartenders–On-Premises (i.e., Restaurants and Bars)	
What is the minimum age requirement for servers in on-premises establishments?	
Beer	19
Wine	19
Spirits	19
What is the minimum age requirement for bartenders in on-premises establishments?	
Beer	19
Wine	19

Spirits	19
Does a manager or supervisor have to be present?	No

Distance Limitations Applied to New Alcohol Outlets Near Universities, Colleges, and Primary and Secondary Schools	
Colleges and Universities	
Is there a distance requirement for off-premises outlets (i.e., liquor stores)?	No
Is there a distance requirement for on-premises outlets (i.e., restaurants and bars)?	No
To which alcohol products does requirement apply?	N/A
Primary and Secondary Schools	
Is there a distance requirement for off-premises outlets (i.e., liquor stores)?	Yes, within 300 feet
Is there a distance requirement for on-premises outlets (i.e., restaurants and bars)?	Yes, within 300 feet
To which alcohol products does requirement apply?	Beer, wine, spirits
Note: Exceptions are (1) restaurants;(2) hotel-motels; (3) government; and (4) golf courses. In addition, case-by-case exemptions may apply for certain licenses within entertainment districts.	

Dram Shop Liability	
Does a statute create dram shop liability?	Yes
Does the statute limit damages that may be recovered?	No
Does the statute limit who may be sued?	No
Does the statute limit elements or standards of proof?	No
Does common law dram shop liability exist?	Yes

Social Host Liability	
Does a statute create social host liability?	No
Does the statute limit damages that may be recovered?	N/A
Does the statute limit who may be sued?	N/A
Does the statute limit elements or standards of proof?	N/A
Does common law social host liability exist?	Yes

Prohibitions Against Hosting Underage Drinking Parties	
Does a statute prohibit hosting underage drinking parties?	Yes
Is the statute specific to underage parties, or a general prohibition against permitting underage drinking on the property?	Specific
What action by underage guest triggers a violation?	Possession/consumption
Property type covered by the law?	Residential/outdoor/other
What level of knowledge by the host is required?	Negligence (host knew or should have known of party)
Does host's preventive action protect him/her from being held liable?	No
Are there any exceptions for underage guests?	Yes, family members and residents of household

Note: Arizona's social host provision applies to gatherings of two or more underage persons on unlicensed premises, where the person charged knows or should know that one or more of the underage persons is in possession of or consuming spirituous liquor.

Retailer Interstate Shipments of Alcohol	
Are out-of-state retailers prohibited from sending interstate shipments to in-state consumers?	
Beer	Prohibited
Wine	Prohibited
Spirits	Prohibited

Direct Shipments/Sales	
May alcohol producers ship directly to consumers?	Yes
What alcohol types may be shipped?	Wine, distilled spirits
Must purchaser make mandatory trip to producer before delivery is authorized?	No
Age verification requirements	
Must the producer/shipper verify purchaser's age before sale?	Yes
Must the common carrier (deliverer) verify age of recipients?	Yes
State approval/permit requirements	
Must the producer/manufacturer obtain state license or permit?	Yes
Must the common carrier (deliverer) be approved by a state agency?	No
Recording/reporting requirements	
Must the producer/manufacturer record/report purchaser's name?	Yes
Must the common carrier (deliverer) record/report recipient's name?	Yes
Shipping label requirements	
Must the label state "Package contains alcohol"?	Yes, for wine shipments
Must the label state "Recipient must be 21 years old"?	Yes
Note: A farm winery that produces not more than 20,000 gallons of wine and a craft distillery that produces not more than 1,189 gallons of distilled spirits in a calendar year may make sales and deliveries of their product to consumers who order by telephone, mail, fax, or internet.	

Keg Registration	
How is a keg defined (in gallons)?	No law
Prohibitions	
Is it illegal to possess an unregistered or unlabeled keg and if so, what is the penalty?	No law
Is it illegal to destroy the label on a keg, and if so, what is the penalty?	No law
What purchaser information is collected?	
Must the retailer collect the name and address?	No law
Must the retailer collect the ID number, name and address on license or other government information?	No law
Must the retailer collect the address at which keg will be consumed?	No law
Must warning information be given to purchaser?	No law
Is a deposit required?	No law
Does law cover disposable kegs?	No law

Home Delivery	
Is home delivery of alcohol permitted?	
Beer	Yes
Wine	Yes
Spirits	Yes

High-Proof Grain Alcohol Beverages	
Are there restrictions on the sale of high-proof grain alcohol beverages?	No
Are restrictions based on Alcohol by Volume (ABV)?	N/A
Are there exceptions to restrictions?	N/A

Laws Affecting Alcohol Pricing

Alcohol Taxes	
Beer	
Control system for beer?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 5% alcohol beer	$0.16
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 5% alcohol beer	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 5% alcohol beer	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 3.2–6% alcohol beer if applicable	
Wine	
Control system for wine?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 12% alcohol wine	$0.84
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 12% alcohol wine	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 12% alcohol wine	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	

If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 6–14% alcohol wine if applicable	
Spirits	
Control system for spirits?	No
Specific excise tax per gallon for 40% alcohol sprits	$3.00
Ad valorem excise tax (for on-premises sales) on total receipts for 40% alcohol spirits	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Ad valorem excise tax (for off-premises sales) on total receipts for 40% alcohol spirits	
Wholesale tax rate (if applicable)	
Retail tax rate (if applicable)	
If retail tax rate applies, is there an exemption from general sales tax?	No
• General sales tax rate	Not relevant
• Sales tax adjusted retail tax rate (the retail tax minus the general sales tax, where there is an exemption from the general sales tax)	Not relevant
Additional taxes for 15–50% alcohol spirits if applicable	

Low-Price, High-Volume Drink Specials	
Are on-premises retailers prohibited from offering the following types of drink specials?	
Free beverages	No
Multiple servings at one time	No
Multiple servings for same price as single serving	No
Reduced price for a specified day or time (i.e., happy hours)	No
Unlimited beverages for fixed price	Yes
Increased volume without increase in price	No

Wholesaler Pricing Restrictions	
Beer	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	No law
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set time period?	No law
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	No
Wine	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law

Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	No law
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set time period?	No law
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	No
Spirits	
Are volume discounts to retailers allowed?	No law
Must wholesalers establish a minimum markup or maximum discount for each product sold to retailers?	No law
Must wholesalers publicly post and hold (i.e., not reduce) prices for a set time period?	No law
Is wholesaler permitted to extend credit to retailer and if so, what is the maximum time period?	No

Arizona State Survey Responses

State Agency Information	
Agency with primary responsibility for enforcing underage drinking laws:	
Arizona Department of Liquor	
Enforcement Strategies	
State law enforcement agencies use:	
Cops in Shops	Yes
Shoulder Tap Operations	No
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	No
Underage Alcohol–Related Fatality Investigations	No
Local law enforcement agencies use:	
Cops in Shops	No
Shoulder Tap Operations	Yes
Party Patrol Operations or Programs	No
Underage Alcohol–Related Fatality Investigations	No
State has a program to investigate and enforce direct sales/shipment laws	No
Primary state agency responsible for enforcing laws addressing direct sales/shipments of alcohol to minors	Not applicable
Such laws are also enforced by local law enforcement agencies	Not applicable
Enforcement Statistics	
State collects data on the number of minors found in possession	Yes
Number of minors found in possession[1] by state law enforcement agencies	388
Number pertains to the 12 months ending	12/31/2016
Data include arrests/citations issued by local law enforcement agencies	No
State conducts underage compliance checks/decoy operations[2] to determine if alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors	Yes
Data are collected on these activities	Yes
Number of retail licensees in state[3]	9,938
Number of licensees checked for compliance by state agencies **(including random checks)**	132
Number of licensees that failed state compliance checks	50
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2016
Compliance checks/decoy operations conducted at on-sale, off-sale, or both retail establishments	Both on- and off-sale establishments
*State conducts **random** underage compliance checks/decoy operations*	No
Number of licensees subject to **random** state compliance checks/decoy operations	Not applicable
Number of licensees that failed **random** state compliance checks	Not applicable
Local agencies conduct underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine if alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors	Yes
Data are collected on these activities	No
Number of licensees checked for compliance by local agencies	Not applicable
Number of licensees that failed local compliance checks	Not applicable
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	Not applicable
Sanctions	
State collects data on fines imposed on retail establishments that furnish minors	Yes
Number of fines imposed by the state[4]	No data
Total amount in fines across all licensees	$99,000
Smallest fine imposed	$750
Largest fine imposed	$6,000
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2016

State collects data on license suspensions imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing minors	Yes
Number of suspensions imposed by the state[5]	0
Total days of suspensions across all licensees	0
Shortest period of suspension imposed (in days)	0
Longest period of suspension imposed (in days)	0
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2016
State collects data on license revocations imposed on retail establishments specifically for furnishing minors	Yes
Number of license revocations imposed[6]	0
Numbers pertain to the 12 months ending	12/31/2016

Additional Clarification

No data

[1] Or having consumed or purchased per state statutes.
[2] Underage compliance checks/decoy operations to determine whether alcohol retailers are complying with laws prohibiting sales to minors.
[3] Excluding special licenses such as temporary, seasonal, and common carrier licenses.
[4] Does not include fines imposed by local agencies.
[5] Does not include suspensions imposed by local agencies.
[6] Does not include revocations imposed by local agencies.

Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State

Healthy Families-Healthy Youth:

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	555 youth (7th graders) between July 1, 2016 and December 31, 2016.
Number of parents served	652 adults between July 1, 2016 and December 31, 2016.
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes

URL for evaluation report:
http://substanceabuse.az.gov/sites/default/files/files/healthy_families_healthy_youth_evaluation_prelim_report_dec_20162.pdf

URL for more program information:
http://substanceabuse.az.gov ; http://substanceabuse.az.gov/itmatters

Program Description: The Governor's Office of Youth, Faith, and Family (GOYFF) developed the *Healthy Families, Healthy Youth Program* to educate families and youth entering middle/junior high school on the dangers of substance abuse. This program is presented at back-to-school night for 7th grade students and their families. The 2.5 hour program was piloted in one middle school in each of Arizona's 15 counties, and provided families with age-appropriate substance abuse education and the opportunity to develop a family substance abuse prevention plan for the school year. Additionally, school program coordinators were given a toolkit designed to be used throughout the year to assist students, parents, and school staff in locating additional resources and to assist in the development of sustainable prevention programs in each school.

Arizona Parents Commission on Drug Education and Prevention

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	5,415
Number of parents served	2,293

Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes (on file at GOYFF}
URL for evaluation report:	No URL
URL for more program information: http://substanceabuse.az.gov/substance-abuse/substance-abuse/parents-commission	

Program Description: The Arizona Parents Commission on Drug Education and Prevention **(**Parents Commission) provides approximately $4 million in funding to increase and enhance parental involvement in and knowledge of the serious risks of alcohol and substance abuse. The following programs are designed to address underage drinking prevention through evidence-based curricula:

- La Frontera
- Friendly House
- Southwest Behavioral Health Services
- Amistades
- Childhelp
- PPEP
- Improving Chandler Area Neighborhoods (ICAN)
- Matforce
- Campesinos Sin Fronteras

These programs focus on 1) increasing knowledge of risks associated with youth alcohol abuse; 2) enhancing parent and child engagement in community activities designed to prevent or reduce youth alcohol abuse; and 3) equipping youth, parents, and families with the skills, tools, strategies, and resources to prevent underage drinking. At least one of the above programs has a multi-system approach which includes reducing the supply of alcohol to youth. Wellington Consulting Group, Ltd. is the grant evaluator for the Parents Commission. As such, Wellington accompanies GOYFF staff on sub-grantee site visits and provides training, technical assistance, and continuing education on the grant. This grant primarily targets its underage drinking prevention efforts to specific countable populations, although the grant also targets the general population through community advertisements.

Partnership for Success

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	Not available
Number of parents served	Not available
Number of caregivers served	Not available
Program has been evaluated	No, the final evaluation report will be complete in September 2018, at the conclusion of the 5 year grant term.
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information: http://substanceabuse.az.gov/substance-abuse/partnerships-success	

Program Description: The Partnership for Success (PFS) program is designed to address underage drinking for youth ages 12-20 and prescription misuse for individuals 12-25. The grant is designed to foster collaboration between the state, coalitions, providers, and substance abuse prevention activities utilizing a five-step framework that consists of: needs analysis, capacity building, planning, implementation, and evaluation. The grant serves both children and adults. Through its contract with the Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS), the GOYFF contracted with a total of five sub-grantees (two of which are tribes), to implement PFS in their communities. The GOYFF anticipates it will be contracted with one additional tribe by the end of June 2017.

Three additional contractors support the PFS grant. The Arizona State University Substance Abuse Epidemiology Work Group provides training on the Arizona Data Project (a depository for substance abuse and crime related data) that offers users the ability to select topics and run reports. The Pima Prevention Partnership (PPP) is the PFS grant evaluator. PPP accompanies AHCCCS and the GOYFF on sub-grantee site visits, provides training, technical assistance, and continuing education on the PFS grant, and functions as the grant's overall evaluator. The Arizona Criminal Justice Commission administers the monthly Substance Abuse Epidemiology Work (SEOW) Group meetings. The SEOW is tasked with providing data for the Arizona Substance Abuse Partnership and the PFS grant so that the state can continue to use data to inform decision-making. Both co-chairs are doctorate level professionals and one, Catie Clark, is an epidemiologist. The PFS grant primarily targets its prevention efforts to a specific countable populations (ages 12-25), though the grant also targets the general population through community advertisements.

Arizona It Matters Campaign

Program serves specific or general population	Youth and adults statewide
Number of youth served	Not applicable
Number of parents served	Not applicable
Number of caregivers served	Not applicable
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information: http://substanceabuse.az.gov/itmatters	

Program Description: The GOYFF developed *Arizona It Matters*, a mechanism to encourage Arizona's parents to engage in meaningful conversations with their children and educate them about the harmful effects of youth alcohol and substance use. To facilitate this goal, a consistent campaign/communication platform was developed using the *It Matters* program as a foundation, with variations that allow for discussion around three key issues: underage drinking, marijuana, and prescription drug misuse. Goals of the campaign are to: 1) provide resources and information that empower teens to choose other options instead of drinking or using other drugs, and 2) empower parents to talk to their kids about underage drinking, marijuana, and prescription drug misuse and abuse. The campaign is considered a population-based program.

Note: The statewide campaign is tracked by impressions. An impression is counted whenever a digital marketing message appears on a person's digital device:

Total parent impressions: 14,532,477

Total teen impressions: 60,713,664

Arizona Department of Liquor Licenses and Control

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	400
Number of parents served	80
Number of caregivers served	150
Program has been evaluated	No
Evaluation report is available	Not applicable
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information: https://azliquor.gov/index.cfm	

Program Description: The Arizona Department of Liquor Licenses and Control (AZDLLC) has formed a partnership with GOYFF to help protect Arizona's youth by 1) educating youth, parents, and guardians on the dangers of underage drinking; 2) participating in a GOYFF-created underage drinking campaign; 3) partnering with alcohol and drug prevention coalitions and nonprofits to further the development of social host laws; and 4) providing training to establishments that sell alcohol and investigating reports of establishments selling to underage youth. The AZDLLC targets its prevention efforts to a specific countable population—youth (12-21), parents, caregivers, and other stakeholders.

Maricopa County Urban Indian Coalition of AZ (UICAZ)

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	52,040 unduplicated indirect youth & 17 direct youth
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	No data
URL for more program information: http://phxindcenter.com/youth-programming/urban-indian-coalition/	

Program Description: The overall goal of the Maricopa County Urban Indian Coalition of AZ (UICAZ) is to reduce alcohol, marijuana, prescription drug use, and other drug use among American Indian youth in Maricopa County through education, information dissemination, alternatives, problem identification and referral, and community-based process strategies. This coalition works with youth, adults, and families to decrease favorable attitudes towards these substances.

Helping Enrich African American Lives (HEAAL) Coalition

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	134,393 unduplicated indirect youth, 161 unduplicated direct youth.
Number of parents served	615,719 unduplicated indirect adults, 190 unduplicated direct adults
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	No data
URL for more program information: https://www.facebook.com/HEAAL/	

Program Description: The overall program goal of the Helping Enrich African American Lives (HEAAL) Coalition is to increase the health and wellness of African-American individuals, families, and others in Maricopa County with regard to the use of alcohol, marijuana, and prescription drugs among youth. The program uses education, information dissemination, community-based process, problem identification and referral, and alternatives to increase perceived harm of alcohol, marijuana, and prescription drugs among youth.

Maricopa LGBTQ Consortium

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	10,368 unduplicated indirect youth, 75 unduplicated direct youth.
Number of parents served	65,285 unduplicated indirect adults, 775 unduplicated direct adults.
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes

Evaluation report is available	Yes
URL for evaluation report:	No data
URL for more program information:	No data

Program Description: The overall goal of Maricopa LGBTQ Consortium's *SafeOut* program is to reduce substance use and excessive alcohol consumption among 16-29 year old LGBTQ individuals in Maricopa County. Through education, information dissemination, community-based process, problem identification and referral, and alternatives, this program aims to increase perceived harm associated with underage drinking, binge drinking, and problem drinking among LGBTQ youth and young adults.

Arizona Youth Partnership (AZYP)

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	No
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	No data

Program Description: Arizona Youth Partnership (AZYP) has targeted the rural communities of Ajo, Catalina, Marana, and Sahuarita in Pima County for the Strategic Prevention Framework, Partnership for Success (SPF-FPS) grant. This project focuses on underage drinking and prescription drug misuse for ages 12-24. AZYP works with a local coalition in each community to address specific needs. Over the past year, AZYP developed a strategic plan, evaluation plan, implementation plan, and logic model for each of the communities listed above. Continued challenges are the isolated nature of these communities and the disparity between the new families with high median incomes and the long-standing families with lower incomes, lack of parental involvement in volunteer school activities, and little or no local resources. In Ajo, the proximity to the U.S./Mexico border makes this community a high drug-trafficking corridor. The level of poverty also makes becoming part of the drug trade an attractive income option. There is also a high perception of availability of drugs and infrequent pro-social activities that are not centered around the school. When school is not in session, there are no activities on campus. AZYP has begun to implement plans to address these challenges.

Casa Grande Alliance, Inc. (CGA)

Program serves specific or general population	Specific population
Number of youth served	No data
Number of parents served	No data
Number of caregivers served	No data
Program has been evaluated	Yes
Evaluation report is available	No
URL for evaluation report:	Not applicable
URL for more program information:	No data

Program Description: Casa Grande Alliance, Inc. (CGA). is the fiscal agent for the Pinal County Substance Abuse Council (PCSAC). PCSAC membership entails key stakeholders and leaders from seven prevention coalitions throughout Pinal County. CGA working is with the SPF-PFS grant. This project focuses on underage drinking and prescription drug misuse for ages 12-24. CGA focuses on the following challenges: 1) re-educating the community on medication drop-box locations (RX Initiative); 2) building on and strenghtening the RX Initiative's prevention efforts and addressing inappropriate promotion of use and easy access. Overall, CGA has found that youth do not believe substance use is risky or harmful and they are not having conversations with their parent or guardian about the dangers or consequences of substance use. CGA developed a Strategic Plan, Evaluation Plan, Implementation Plan, and Logic Model for each of the communities, and has begun to implement these plans to address identified challenges.

Additional Underage Drinking Prevention Programs Operated or Funded by the State

Program 11—Southeastern Arizona Behavioral Health Services (SEABHS)

SEABHS is part of the SPF-PFS grant. This project focuses on underage drinking and prescription drug misuse for youth ages 12-24. SEABHS concentrates its efforts on youth living in military families and their parents along with college-aged individuals between 18-24 years old. Their area of concentration is Graham County, a mining and farming community. There is a fairly new copper mine in Safford, and other major employers include one federal and three state prison facilities. There are seven school districts and one community college. Approximately 12 percent of the population identifies as having military status. SEABHS developed a Strategic Plan, Evaluation Plan, Implementation Plan, and Logic Model for each community and has begun to implement these plans to address identified challenges.

Program 12—Kingman Prevention Alliance

This program identifies addiction, co-occuring disorders, and liquor law violations for youth. (http://www.azyp.org/index.php/programs/kingman-prevention-alliance)

Program 13—Young Adult Development Authority of Havasu (YADAH)

YADAH's team meets monthly to develop action plans to address substance abuse, mostly through alcohol awareness campaigns and youth events. (http://www.azyp.org/index.php/programs/yadah)

Program 14—Guadalupe Prevention Partnership (GPP)

This substance abuse prevention program is under the Pascua Yaqui Tribe and funded by a SAMSHA block grant through the state. The Guadalupe Prevention Partnership (GPP) serves the entire town of Guadalupe and runs the Lutu'uria Youth Group comprised of youth community members from 5th grade through high school. The GPP partners with programs through the community to plan events and opportunities for substance abuse education. The Guadalupe Community Partnership, under the GPP, is a coalition of programs that serves the town and provides outreach to the community. (https://www.facebook.com/GuadalupeLYG/?ref=bookmarks)

Program 15—Be Aware Maricopa

This coalition established a youth leadership component using the *Students Against Destructive Decisions (SADD)* model and implementing *Youth-2-Youth* curriculum. It focuses on active youth engagement within the community and with parents, and also provides life skills using the *Mendez Foundation Too Good for Drugs* for 5th graders. Public information and social marketing and community education are provided, and parents are encouraged to begin the talk with their children regarding alcohol. (https://www.facebook.com/Be-Awesome-Youth-Coalition-851156641623055/)

Program 16—IMPACT Sierra Vista-Coalition

This program focuses on youth leadership for middle and high school students and their families. It supports a *SADD* club using the *Project Alert* curriculum, and provides public information, social marketing, community education. Parents are also encouraged to begin the talk with their children regarding alcohol. (https://www.facebook.com/pages/Impact-Sierra-Vista/210991922277552)

Program 17—Healthy People Coalition

Located in the Gu Vo District on the Tohono O'odham Nation, the focus of this program is on protective factors—language, culture, and traditions—in after school youth programs, healthy community activities, youth leadership with Tribal Youth Council members, and families. Life skills are facilitated using the *Mendez Foundation Too Good for Drugs* and a language program. Public information and community education are provided. The District is in a remote western region along border of the U.S. and Mexico. (http://nativeamericanadvancement.org)

Program 18—Youth Empowerment and L.G.B.T.Q. Leadership (Y.E.L.L.)-Coalition

This coalition has established a youth leadership and life skills component using the *Botvins Life Skills* curriculum. The target population is LGBTQ youth. Community education and public information is provided, and social marketing is conducted. (https://lt-lt.facebook.com/SAAFYouthPreventionPrograms/)

Program 19—Ajo Substance Abuse Prevention Coalition

This program has a youth leadership component that uses the *SADD* model and also implements *Botvins Life Skills* with middle school and high school students. Community education and public information is provided along with social marketing focusing on parents starting to talk with their children regarding alcohol. (www.azyp.org)

Program 20—Douglas Community Coalition

This coalition has a youth leadership component that uses the *SADD* model and implements *Project Alert*. Public information and social marketing are provided in English and Spanish, as the town is located on the border of the U.S. and Mexico. Youth projects are developed in close collaboration with the activities of the Mexican Consulate. (https://www.facebook.com/communitycoalition)

Additional Clarification

No data

Additional Information Related to Underage Drinking Prevention Programs

State collaborates with federally recognized tribal governments in the prevention of underage drinking — Yes

Description of collaboration: Pascua Yaqui Tribe Prevention Program is a coalition located on the Tribal Reservation and Guadalupe Prevention Project (GPP) is located in Guadalupe,AZ. The two programs focus on the prevention of substance and alcohol abuse among the youth living in Guadalupe, AZ. GPP has a Youth Facebook Group page that provides members with information on GPP meetings and alcohol and other drugs (AOD). Another Facebook page was recently created so that others can view youth activities.and information. Public Service Announcements were also created by the youth group and aired on PYT Radio in Tucson. Mailings are sent to all enrolled tribal members living in Maricopa County that announce various GPP/AOD community events.

State has programs to measure and/or reduce youth exposure to alcohol advertising and marketing — Yes

Description of program: GPP—the goal of the program is to increase perception of harm of underage drinking by youth in living in Guadalupe, AZ.

Evaluation Tool: Behavioral health consequences, including poor impulse control and decision making among young people resulting in injury, poor school/work motivation and attendance, poor school grades, family discord and domestic violence, depression, higher behavioral health costs, higher crime rates, higher community risk factors, and higher risk factors for local businesses

Behavioral Health Trends: High incidence of underage drinking by youth living in Guadalupe, AZ

Source: Guadalupe Youth Survey

Key Intervening Variables: Alcohol is readily available and inexpensive in comparison to drugs. Alcohol is used to escape low wages, unemployment, and other harsh realities of life. Adult modeling of alcohol abuse.

Projects, Initiatives, and Strategies: Education and skills building groups for youth use the *Keeping it Real* curriculum to strengthen refusal skills. Field trips and other cultural events focus on building ego, identity, cultural indentity, and self esteem.

State has adopted or developed best practice standards for underage drinking prevention programs — No

Agencies/organizations that established best practices standards:	
Federal agency(ies):	Not applicable
Agency(ies) within your state:	Not applicable
Nongovernmental agency(ies):	Not applicable
Other:	Not applicable
Best practice standards description: Not applicable	

Additional Clarification

No data

State Interagency Collaboration

A state-level interagency governmental body/committee exists to coordinate or address underage drinking prevention activities	No
Committee contact information:	
Not applicable	
Agencies/organizations represented on the committee:	
Not applicable	
A website or other public source exists to describe committee activities	Not applicable
URL or other means of access: Not applicable	

Underage Drinking Reports

State has prepared a plan for preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years	Not sure
Prepared by: Not applicable	
Plan can be accessed via: Not applicable	
State has prepared a report on preventing underage drinking in the last 3 years	Not sure
Prepared by: Not applicable	
Plan can be accessed via: Not applicable	

Additional Clarification

No data

State Expenditures for the Prevention of Underage Drinking

Compliance checks in retail outlets:	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
Checkpoints and saturation patrols:	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
Community-based programs to prevent underage drinking:	
Estimate of state funds expended	No data
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	No data
K–12 school-based programs to prevent underage drinking:	
Estimate of state funds expended	No data
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	No data
Programs targeted to institutes of higher learning:	
Estimate of state funds expended	No data
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	No data
Programs that target youth in the juvenile justice system:	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
Programs that target youth in the child welfare system:	
Estimate of state funds expended	Data not available
Estimate based on the 12 months ending	Data not available
Other programs:	
Programs or strategies included: Data not available	
Estimate of state funds expended:	Data not available

Estimate based on the 12 months ending:	Data not available

Funds Dedicated to Underage Drinking	
State derives funds dedicated to underage drinking from the following revenue streams:	
Taxes	No
Fines	No
Fees	No
Other: Not applicable	No
Description of funding streams and how they are used:	
Not applicable	

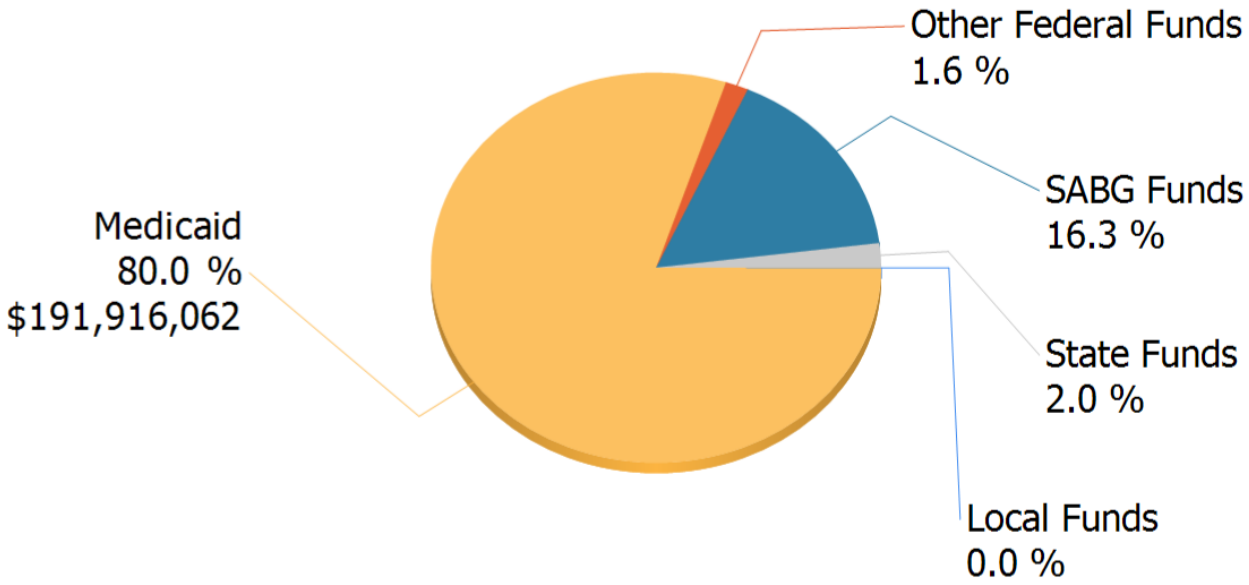
Additional Clarification

No data

In addition to the state expenditures on underage drinking prevention reported in the annual STOP Act Survey, all states receive federal funds for substance abuse prevention through Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG) funds, administered by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). Exhibit 1 shows the sources that Arizona used for expenditures on substance abuse prevention and treatment in 2017. As indicated, Medicaid funds and SABG funds account for the largest sources (80 percent and 16.3 percent respectively).[5]

States submit Behavioral Assessment and Plan reports that include their priorities for use of SABG funds, as well as planned expenditures. For FY 2018-2019, Arizona designated increasing the percentage of those under age 18 diagnosed and treated for substance use disorders as the number one priority for use of SABG funds.[6]

Exhibit 1: Source of 2017 Expenditures for Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment



[5] WebBGAS State Profile, 2017 SABG and MHBG Reports– Arizona 2017

[6] FY 2018/2019 – (Arizona) State Behavioral Assessment and Plan, Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant, Center for Substance Abuse Prevention, Division of State Programs, Center for Substance Abuse Treatment, Division of State and Community Assistance: Table 1: Priority Areas and Annual Performance Indicators

SAMHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration